

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
```

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In [2]: coffee_production = pd.read_csv("../Maven Python Course/total-production.csv").T
coffee_production.columns=coffee_production.iloc[0]
coffee_production.drop("total_production" , inplace=True)
```

```
In [3]: coffee_production.head()
```

```
Out[3]:
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	total_production	Angola	Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	Brazil	Burundi	Ecuador	Indonesia	Madagascar	Mala
1990	50.345	122.777	27285.6286	487.393	1503.815	7441.383	982.447	104.6	
1991	79.331	103.536	27293.4934	667.199	2123.824	8493.196	932.513	124.2	
1992	77.52	120.235	34603.3542	620.238	1185.48	5569.478	1121.684	137.1	
1993	32.608	50.823	28166.9786	393.354	2069.007	6743.288	441.859	62.1	
1994	76.802	116.944	28192.047	664.143	2375.766	5367.878	641.372	84.1	

5 rows × 56 columns

```
In [4]: axes_settings = {
        "spines.top":False,
        "spines.right" : False ,
    }
plt.rc("axes" , **axes_settings)
```

```
In [5]: brazil_vs_others = (coffee_production
                        .assign(rest_of_world = coffee_production.drop("Brazil" , axis=1).
                        .loc[: , ["Brazil" , "rest_of_world"]])
                        )
brazil_vs_others.head()
```

```
Out[5]:
```

	total_production	Brazil	rest_of_world
1990	27285.6286	65944.431	
1991	27293.4934	73973.191	
1992	34603.3542	63922.545	
1993	28166.9786	63597.643	
1994	28192.047	65121.147	

```
In [6]: coffee_production["rest_of_world"] = coffee_production.drop([
        "Brazil" , "Viet Nam" , "Colombia","Indonesia","Ethiopia"],
        axis=1).sum(axis=1)
coffee_production_top5_2018 = coffee_production.loc['2018' ,
        ["Brazil" , "Viet Nam" , "Colombia"]]
```

```
pd.DataFrame(coffee_production_top5_2018)

"Ethiopia", "rest_of_world"]]
```

Out[6]:

2018

total_production

Brazil	62924.8836
Viet Nam	31174.0742
Colombia	13857.962
Indonesia	9417.5942
Ethiopia	7776.2234
rest_of_world	45786.0003

```
In [7]: brazil_vs_others.index = pd.to_datetime(brazil_vs_others.index, errors='coerce')
brazil_vs_others["Brazil"] = pd.to_numeric(brazil_vs_others["Brazil"], errors='coerce')
brazil_vs_others["rest_of_world"] = pd.to_numeric(brazil_vs_others["rest_of_world"], errors='coerce')
brazil_vs_others.dropna(inplace=True)
```

```
In [8]: import matplotlib.gridspec as gridspec

fig = plt.figure(figsize=(11, 8.5))
gs = gridspec.GridSpec(nrows=12, ncols=6)

fig.suptitle("Brazil Extends its Dominance in Growing Coffee Market", fontsize=20, fontweight='bold')
fig.text(.05, .695,
        "'Brazil is the world's top coffee grower.'",
        Since 1990, Brazil's share of global
        production has risen from 29% to 37%,
        even as the worldwide market has
        expanded by over 50%.'', fontsize=12, fontweight='light', fontfamily='serif')

ax1 = fig.add_subplot(gs[0:4, 2:4])
ax1.pie(
    brazil_vs_others.iloc[0].sort_values(ascending=False),
    startangle=90,
    labels=["", ""],
    pctdistance=.85,
    colors=["white", "#009639"]
)
center_circle = plt.Circle((0, 0), 0.70, fc='white')
fig.gca().add_artist(center_circle)
plt.text(
    0, 0,
    f"round((brazil_vs_others.loc['1990', 'Brazil'] / brazil_vs_others.loc['1990', 'sum']) * 100)",
    ha='center', va='center', fontsize=28
)
ax1.set_title("Brazil % Global Production 1990", fontsize=12)

ax2 = fig.add_subplot(gs[0:4, 4:])
ax2.pie(
    brazil_vs_others.iloc[-1].sort_values(ascending=False),
    startangle=90,
```

```

    labels=["", ""],
    pctdistance=.85,
    colors=["white", "#009639"]
)
center_circle = plt.Circle((0, 0), 0.70, fc='white')
fig.gca().add_artist(center_circle)
plt.text(
    0, 0,
    f"{round((brazil_vs_others.loc['2018', 'Brazil'] / brazil_vs_others.loc['2018'].sum(), 2)}%",
    ha='center', va='center', fontsize=28
)
ax2.set_title("Brazil % of Global Production 2018", fontsize=12)

ax3 = fig.add_subplot(gs[4:7, :])
ax3.stackplot(
    brazil_vs_others.index,
    brazil_vs_others["Brazil"],
    brazil_vs_others["rest_of_world"],
    labels=["Brazil", "World Total"],
    colors=["#009639", "grey"]
)
ax3.set_title("Brazil Share of Market Grows as Global Output Surges")
ax3.set_ylabel("Production (K 60Kg bags)", fontsize=12)
ax3.legend(loc="upper left")

ax4 = fig.add_subplot(gs[8:, 0:2])
ax4.barh(
    y=coffee_production_top5_2018.index[::-1],
    width=coffee_production_top5_2018.iloc[::-1],
    color=["grey", "#009A44", "#EF3340", "#FFCD00", "#C8102E", "#009639"]
)
positions = list(range(6))
labels = ["BR", "VN", "CO", "ID", "ET", "Rest of World"][::-1]
ax4.set_title("Top Coffee Producing Nations 1990-2018")
ax4.set_xlabel("Production (Millions 60Kg Bags)", fontsize=10)
ax4.set_yticks(positions)
ax4.set_yticklabels(labels)

ax5 = fig.add_subplot(gs[8:, 2:])
ax5.pie(
    coffee_production_top5_2018[::-1],
    autopct="%.0f%%",
    labels=list(coffee_production_top5_2018.index[::-1]),
    startangle=90,
    colors=["grey", "#009A44", "#EF3340", "#FFCD00", "#C8102E", "#009639"],
    explode=(0, 0, 0, 0, 0, .15)
)
ax5.set_title("Share of Global Coffee Production 2018")

plt.show()
fig.savefig('brazil_stats.png', bbox_inches='tight', facecolor="white")

```

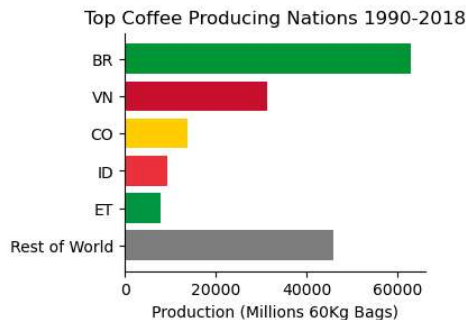
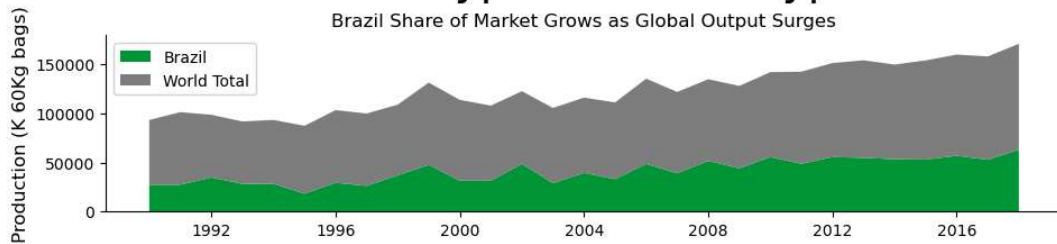
Brazil Extends its Dominance in Growing Coffee Market

Brazil % Global Production 1990 Brazil % of Global Production 2018

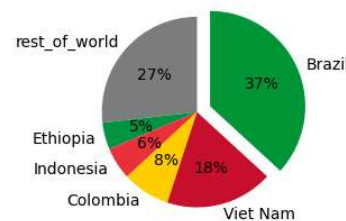
Brazil is the world's top coffee grower.

Since 1990, Brazil's share of global production has risen from 29% to 37% even as the worldwide market has expanded by over 50%.

1990-01-01 00:00:00
Brazil
rest_of_world
dtype: float64%



Share of Global Coffee Production 2018



```
In [11]: prices_paid_to_growers = pd.read_csv("../Maven Python Course/prices-paid-to-growers.csv")
prices_paid_to_growers.columns=prices_paid_to_growers.iloc[0]
prices_paid_to_growers.drop("prices_paid_to_growers" , inplace=True)
prices_paid_to_growers["Other Nations"]=prices_paid_to_growers.drop(["Colombia" , "Brazil"])
prices_paid_to_growers.head()
```

```
Out[11]:
```

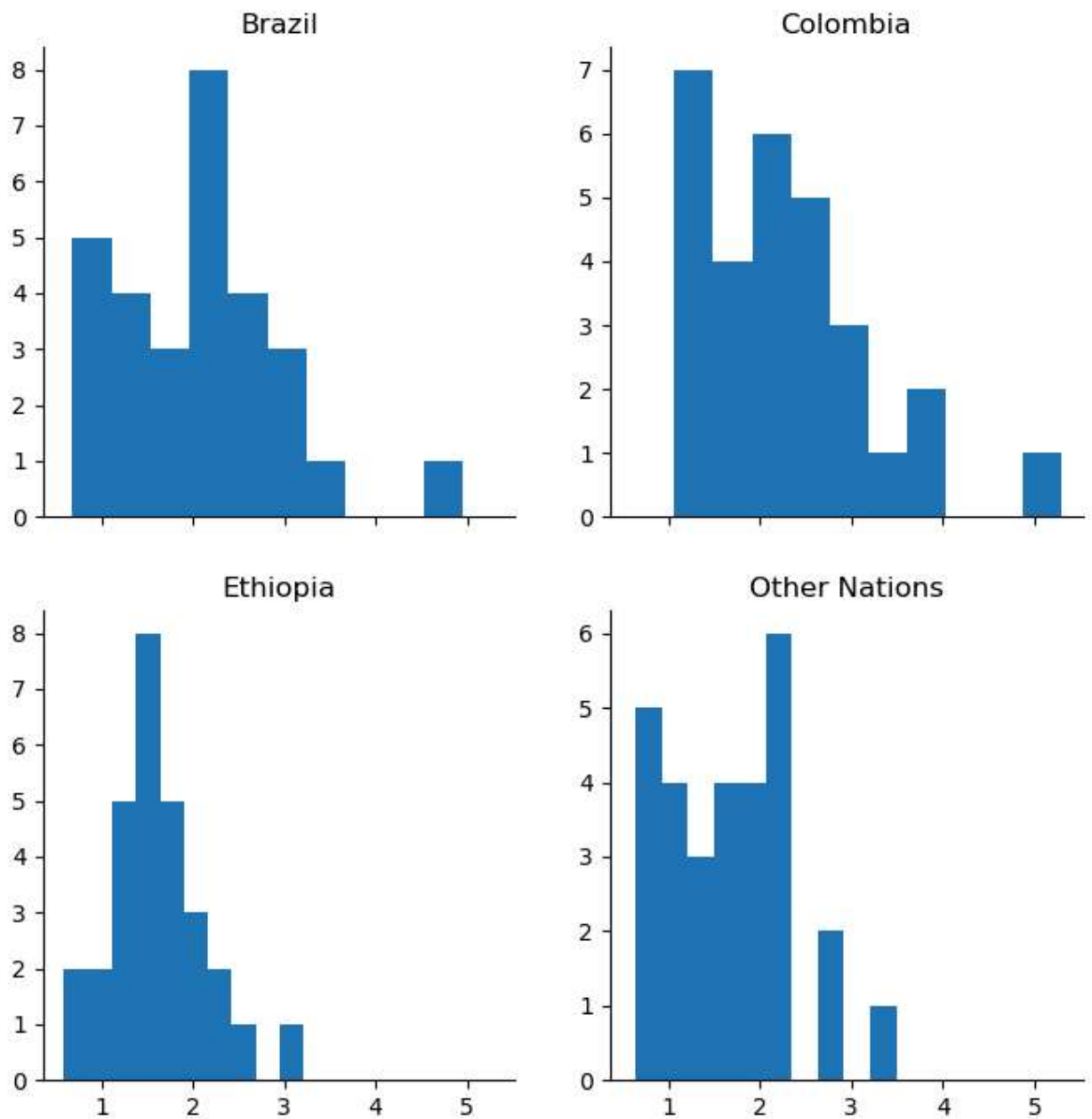
	prices_paid_to_growers	Colombia	Dominican Republic	El Salvador	Guatemala	Honduras	India	Uganda	
1990	1.534724	1.458168	1.116194	1.204956	1.11147	1.473558	0.337598	1.11147	1.11147
1991	1.48179	1.382845	0.983322	1.270086	1.238947	1.358371	0.654322	0.654322	0.654322
1992	1.204656	1.027841	0.682322	0.888099	0.886057	1.191159	0.441397	0.441397	0.441397
1993	1.106477	1.172704	0.780397	0.914552	0.828746	1.278669	0.552298	0.552298	0.552298
1994	1.898327	2.478234	2.191177	1.662711	1.800576	1.73081	1.666651	1.666651	1.666651

```
In [14]: fig , ax = plt.subplots(2,2,sharex='all' , figsize=(8,8))
ax[0][0].set_title("Brazil")
ax[0][0].hist(prices_paid_to_growers["Brazil"])
ax[0][1].set_title("Colombia")
ax[0][1].hist(prices_paid_to_growers["Colombia"])
```

```
ax[1][0].set_title("Ethiopia")
ax[1][0].hist(prices_paid_to_growers["Ethiopia"])

ax[1][1].set_title("Other Nations")
ax[1][1].hist(prices_paid_to_growers["Other Nations"])

plt.show()
```



In []: